

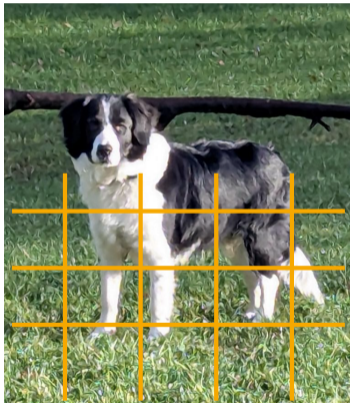
A Framework for Online Optimization

Ongoing Research

Emma Ahrens, Kevin Batz, Tobias Winkler, Joost-Pieter Katoen
RWTH Aachen University
26.11.2025

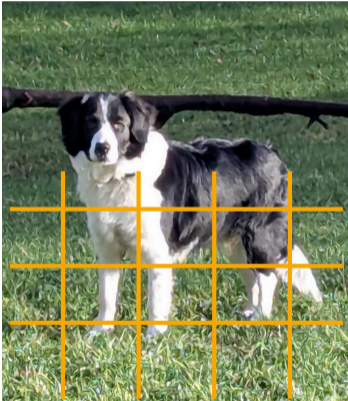
Short-Sighted Cow*

*Dog



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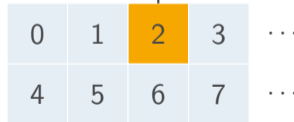


Paging Problem

Small Memory

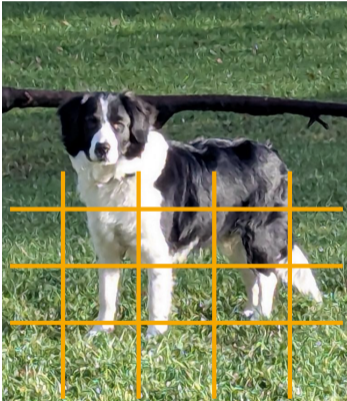


Large Storage



Short-Sighted Cow*

*Dog



Paging Problem

Small Memory

10	4	2	9
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Large Storage

0	1	2	3	...
4	5	6	7	...



Ski-Rental Problem



Ski-Rental Problem

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
buy	none	none	none		
y	...	+0	+0		= y

Ski-Rental Problem

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
buy	none	none	none		
y	...	+0	+0		= y

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
rent	rent	rent	rent		
1	...	+1	+1		= n

Ski-Rental Problem

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
buy	none	none	none		
y	...	+0	+0		= y

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
rent	...	rent	buy		
1	...	+1	+ y		= $\min\{n, 2y\}$

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
rent	rent	rent	rent		
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Ski-Rental Problem

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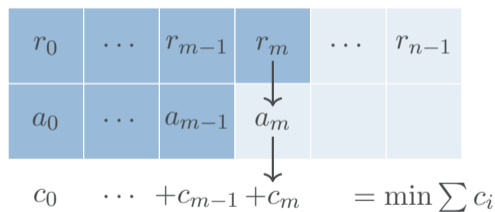
ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
rent	rent	rent	rent		
1	...	+1	+1		= n

ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
a_0	...	a_{m-1}	rent buy none		
c_0	...	+ c_{m-1}	+ $c \begin{pmatrix} \text{rent} \\ \text{buy} \\ \text{none} \end{pmatrix}$		= $\min\{n, y\}$

Online Optimization - Semantics

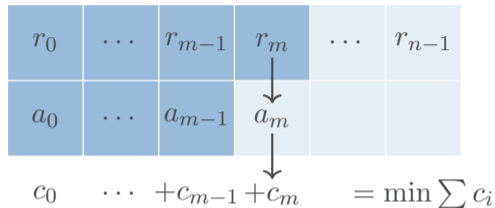
An online algorithm is one that receives a sequence of requests and, performs an immediate action in response to each request. Each sequence of requests and corresponding actions has an associated cost.

Richard M. Karp, 1992



Optimization Problem

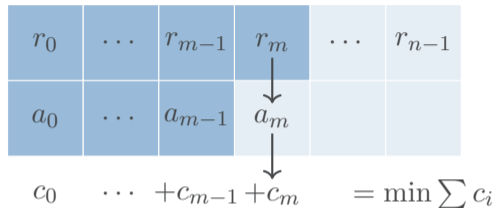
- ▶ requests $r_i \in \mathcal{R}$
- ▶ actions $a_i : \Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma \in \mathcal{A}$
- ▶ costs $c_i : \mathcal{R}^{m+1} \times \mathcal{A}^m \times \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$



Optimization Problem

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Next Action $f^{m < n} : \mathcal{R}^{m+1} \times \mathcal{A}^m \rightarrow 2^{\mathcal{A}}$

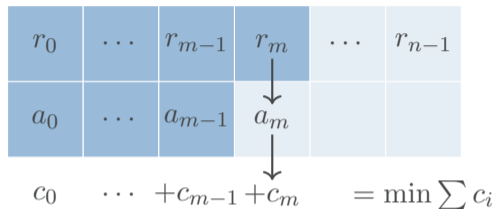


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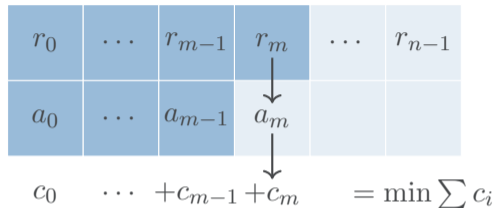
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Competitive Ratio



Optimization Problem

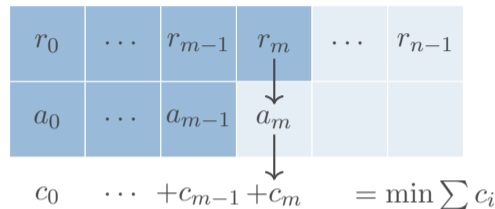
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- ▶ compares total costs $c : \mathcal{R}^n \times 2^{\mathcal{A}^n} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}^\infty, (R, \mathbf{A}) \mapsto \min_{A \in \mathbf{A}} \sum_{m < n} c(R, a_0 \cdots a_{m-1}, a_m)$



Optimization Problem

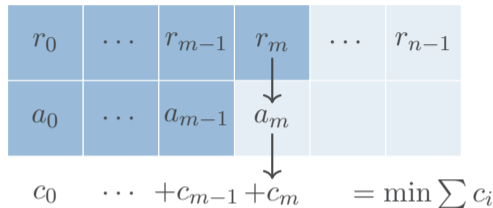
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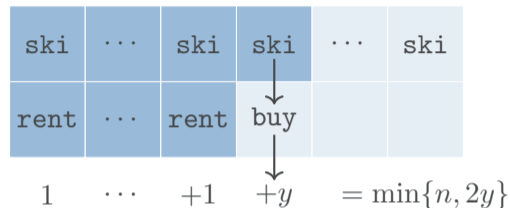
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- ▶ of two algorithms via the *competitive ratio* $D := \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{c(R, \text{On}(R, \epsilon))}{c(R, \text{Off}(R, \epsilon))}$



Ski-Rental Problem

Optimization Problem

- ▶ requests $\mathcal{R} = \{\text{ski}\}$
- ▶ actions $\mathcal{A} = \{\text{rent}, \text{buy}, \text{none}\}$
- ▶ costs $c_{\text{rent}} = 1$, $c_{\text{buy}} = y$, $c_{\text{none}} = [s = 1] \cdot 0$



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ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
rent	...	rent	buy		
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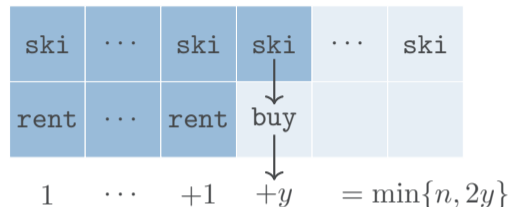
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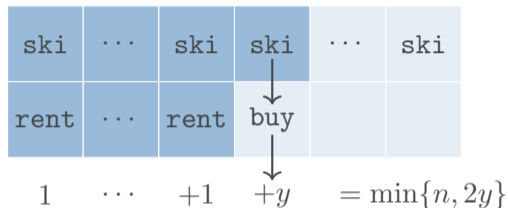
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Competitive Ratio



Ski-Rental Problem

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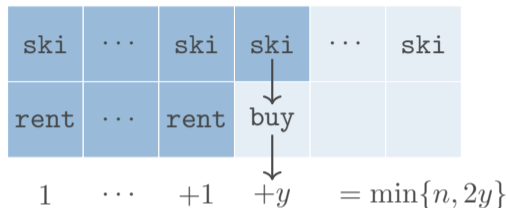
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- ▶ compares total costs $c = \min\{n, 2y\}$



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ski	...	ski	ski	...	ski
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$$\begin{aligned} C \rightarrow & x := E & | & C_1 ; C_2 & | & \odot w \\ & | \text{if } (\varphi) \{ C_1 \} \text{else } \{ C_2 \} & | & \text{while } (\varphi) \{ C_1 \} & | & \{ C_1 \} \oplus \{ C_2 \}, \end{aligned}$$

where $x \in \text{Vars}$, E is an arithmetic expression, and $\llbracket w \rrbracket \in \mathbb{S}$

Weighted Programming wGCL

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Semiring $\mathbb{S} = (S, \oplus, \odot, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1})$ satisfies

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An example is the tropical semiring $(\mathbb{N}^\infty, \min, +, \infty, 0)$.

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Omitted: ω -complete partial order, ω -continuity

problem-specific proofs by hand

$$D := \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{c(R, \text{Alg}(R, \epsilon))}{c(R, \text{Alg}'(R, \epsilon))} = \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{?}{?}$$

framework for semi-automatic verification

Weakest Preweightings Semantics

Calculus to prove properties of weighted programs:

$$\left\{ \text{wp}[\![\text{Prog}]\!](w) \right\} \text{Prog} \left\{ w \right\}$$

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- ▶ parametrized over semiring \mathbb{S}
- ▶ undecidable in general
- ▶ semi-automatic verification tools (like Caesar) exist for some instances of weighted programming (e.g. for the probabilistic and the tropical semiring)

Ski-Rental Problem

Optimization Problem

▶ requests $\mathcal{R} = \{\text{ski}\}$

▶ actions

$$\mathcal{A} = \{\text{rent}, \text{buy}, \text{none}\}$$

▶ costs $c_{\text{rent}} = 1$, $c_{\text{buy}} = y$,

$$c_{\text{none}} = [s = 1] \cdot 0$$

Off = while $(m < n)$ {

$$m := m + 1$$

}

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Ski-Rental Problem

Optimization Problem

- ▶ requests $\mathcal{R} = \{\text{ski}\}$
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 $\mathcal{A} = \{\text{rent}, \text{buy}, \text{none}\}$
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$f^{m < n} : \mathcal{R}^{m+1} \times \mathcal{A}^m \rightarrow 2^{\mathcal{A}}$

- ▶ specifies algorithm
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```
On = while (m < n) {  
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}
```

Ski-Rental Problem: Competitive Ratio

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Off} = & \text{while } (m < n) \{ \\ & \text{if } (\text{true}) \rightarrow \{ \odot 1 \ ; \ \text{skip} \} \\ & \oplus (\text{true}) \rightarrow \{ \odot y \ ; \ s := 1 \} \\ & \oplus (\text{true}) \rightarrow \{ \odot [s = 1] \cdot 0 \ ; \ \text{skip} \} \\ & m := m + 1 \\ & \}. \end{aligned}$$
$$\begin{aligned} \text{On} = & \text{while } (m < n) \{ \\ & \text{if } (c < y) \rightarrow \{ \odot 1 \ ; \ \text{skip} \ ; \ c := c + 1 \} \\ & \oplus (c = y) \rightarrow \{ \odot y \ ; \ s := 1 \ ; \ c := c + 1 \} \\ & \oplus (c > y) \rightarrow \{ \odot [s = 1] \cdot 0 \ ; \ \text{skip} \ ; \ \text{skip} \} \\ & m := m + 1 \\ & \}. \end{aligned}$$

Ski-Rental Problem: Competitive Ratio

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$$\text{wp}[\text{Off}](I) = n \oplus y = \min\{n, y\}$$

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$$\text{wp}[\text{On}](\mathbf{I}) = n \oplus 2y = \min\{n, 2y\}$$

$$D = \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{\sigma_R(n \oplus 2y)}{\sigma_R(n \oplus y)} = \sup_{n > 0, y > 1} \frac{\min\{n, 2y\}}{\min\{n, y\}} = 2$$

From Costs to Expected Costs

Consider the expectation semiring $\mathbb{S}_{\mathbb{E}} = ([0, 1] \times \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{\infty}, \oplus, \odot, (0, 0), (1, 0))$

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Often, randomized online algorithms perform better than deterministic online algorithms!

Ski-Rental Problem: Competitive Ratio of Randomized Algorithm

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Off = while ( $m < n$ ) {  
  if (true)  $\rightarrow \{ \odot 1 \ ; \ \text{skip} \}$   
   $\oplus$  (true)  $\rightarrow \{ \odot y \ ; \ s := 1 \}$   
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   $m := m + 1$   
}
```

```
Rand = while ( $m < n$ ) {  
  if ( $c < y$ )  $\rightarrow \{ \odot (1 - p_m, 1 - p_m) \ ; \ c := c + 1 \}$   
   $\oplus$  ( $c < y$ )  $\rightarrow \{ \odot (p_m, p_m \cdot y) \ ; \ s := 1 \ ; \ c := y \}$   
   $\oplus$  ( $c \geq y$ )  $\rightarrow \{ \odot [s = 0] \cdot (0, \infty) \ ; \ \text{skip} \}$   
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Off = while ( $m < n$ ) {  
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$$\text{wp}[\text{Off}](I) = n \oplus y = \min\{n, y\}$$

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Rand = while ( $m < n$ ) {  
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$$\text{wp}[\text{On}](I) = E(n, y)$$

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}.
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{wp}[\text{On}](I) &= E(n, y) \\ &= \sum_{c=0}^{\min\{n, y\}-1} (y+c) \cdot \tilde{p}_c + \left(1 - \sum_{c=0}^{\min\{n, y\}-1} \tilde{p}_c\right) \cdot n. \end{aligned}$$

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Off = while ($m < n$) {
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$$D = \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{\text{wp}[\text{Prog}](I)(\sigma_R)}{\text{wp}[\text{Off}](I)(\sigma_R)} = \sup_{n > 0, y > 1} \frac{E(n, y)}{\min\{n, y\}} = \frac{e}{e-1} \approx 1.58$$

Using Weakest Preweightings for Competitive Ratio

Online Optimization:

- ▶ for each optimization problem manual proofs by hand

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problem-specific proofs by hand



$$D := \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{c(R, \text{Alg}(R, \epsilon))}{c(R, \text{Alg}'(R, \epsilon))} = \sup_{R \in \mathcal{R}^n} \frac{\text{wp}[\text{Prog}](\mathbf{I})(\sigma_R)}{\text{wp}[\text{Prog}'](\mathbf{I})(\sigma_R)}$$



framework for semi-automatic verification

Using Weakest Prewightings for Competitive Ratio

Type	Function	Program	Coherence
action $a_i \in \mathcal{A}$	$a_i : \Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma$	$\text{wGCL}(a_i)$	Obs
cost	$c_i : \Sigma \rightarrow \mathbb{S}$ with $A(\sigma_R) \mapsto c(R, A, a_i)$	$\text{WExp}(c_i)$	Obs
auxiliary action	$x_i : \Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma$	$\text{wGCL}(x_i)$	Aux
guard	$\varphi_i : \Sigma \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$	$\text{BExp}(\varphi_i)$	Obs \cup Aux

problem-specific proofs by hand

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framework for semi-automatic verification

Arithmetic Expressions AExp

$$E \rightarrow x \in \text{Vars} \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \mid E + E \mid E \cdot E \mid E - E$$
Boolean Expressions BExp

$$\varphi \rightarrow E < E \mid \varphi \wedge \varphi \mid \neg \varphi$$
Weighted Expressions WExp

$$w \rightarrow s \in \mathbb{S} \mid w \oplus w \mid w \odot w \mid E \cdot w \mid [\varphi] \cdot w$$

with $a \in \text{AExp}$ and $\varphi \in \text{BExp}$

Observable Arithmetic Expressions AObs

$$E \rightarrow E_1 \mid \dots \mid E_k \mid q \in \mathbb{N} \mid E + E \mid E \cdot E \mid E - E$$

with $E_1, \dots, E_k \in \text{AExp}$

Observable Boolean Expressions BObs

$$\varphi \rightarrow \varphi_1 \mid \dots \mid \varphi_\ell \mid E < E \mid \varphi \wedge \varphi \mid \neg \varphi$$

with $\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_\ell \in \text{BExp}$

Observable Weighted Expressions WObs

$$w \rightarrow s \in \mathbb{S} \mid w \oplus w \mid w \odot w \mid E \cdot w \mid [\varphi] \cdot w$$

with $E \in \text{AObs}$ and $\varphi \in \text{BObs}$

$$\text{BaseObs} = \{E_1, \dots, E_k, \varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_\ell\}$$



Kevin Batz, Adrian Gallus, Benjamin Lucien Kaminski, Joost-Pieter Katoen, and Tobias Winkler.

Weighted programming: a programming paradigm for specifying mathematical models.
Proc. ACM Program. Lang., 6(OOPSLA1):1–30, 2022.